PEtALS-BC-MAIL Component User's Guide

This document explain how to install and configure the petals-bc-mail JBI component.

PEtALS Team
Adrien LOUIS <adrien.louis@ebmwebsourcing.com>
Marie Sauvage <marie.sauvage@ebmwebsourcing.com>
Nicolas Salatge <nicolas.salatge@ebmwebsourcing.com>

- Mars 2009 -
# Table of Contents

**PEtALS-BC-MAIL** .......................................................................................................................... 5  
1. Component Configuration .................................................................................................................. 6  
2. Service Configuration ....................................................................................................................... 8  
   2.1. Send mails .................................................................................................................................... 8  
      2.1.1. Service Unit descriptor ........................................................................................................... 8  
      2.1.2. Service Unit content .............................................................................................................. 11  
      2.1.3. Usage ..................................................................................................................................... 12  
   2.2. Receive mails ............................................................................................................................... 12  
      2.2.1. Service Unit descriptor ........................................................................................................... 12  
      2.2.2. Service Unit content .............................................................................................................. 15  
      2.2.3. Usage ..................................................................................................................................... 15
List of Figures

2.1. Sending mails ........................................................................................................... 8
2.2. Receiving mails ....................................................................................................... 12
List of Tables

1.1. Configuration of the component (CDK) ................................................................. 6
2.1. Configuration of a Service Unit to provide a service (JBI) ......................................... 9
2.2. Configuration of a Service Unit to provide a service (CDK) ...................................... 10
2.3. Configuration of a Service Unit to provide a service (Mail) ....................................... 11
2.4. Configuration of a Service Unit to consume a service (JBI) ....................................... 13
2.5. Configuration of a Service Unit to consume a service (CDK) .................................... 14
2.6. Configuration of a Service Unit to consume a service (Mail) .................................... 14
The Petals Mail binding component is a bidirectional binding component, it allows to:

- retrieve mails from an email account and send them to a JBI Service
- send JBI messages to an email account
Chapter 1. Component Configuration

no specific configuration for this component.

Table 1.1. Configuration of the component (CDK)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Required</th>
<th>Scope</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>acceptor-pool-size</td>
<td>The size of the thread pool used to accept Message Exchange from the NMR.</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Once a message is accepted, its processing is delegated to the processor pool thread.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>processor-pool-size</td>
<td>The size of the thread pool used to process Message Exchanges.</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Once a message is accepted, its processing is delegated to one of the thread of this pool.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>performance-notifications</td>
<td>Enable the performance notifications in the component. The CDK proposes to a performance notification feature to the component implementor. If you enable this feature, you must use the related method accessible in the AbstractComponent class.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>performance-step</td>
<td>When the performance notification feature is enabled, it is</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Runtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>possible to define a step on the notifications. When there is an heavy message traffic, it is recommanded to increase this step to avoid performance disturbance.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>properties-file</td>
<td>Name of the file containing properties used as reference by other parameters. Parameters reference the property name in the following pattern ${myPropertyName}. At runtime, the expression is replaced by the value of the property.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Installation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The value of this parameter is :</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• an URL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• a file relative to the PEtALS installation path</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• an empty value to stipulate a non-using file</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ignored-status</td>
<td>When the component receives an acknowledgement message exchange, it can</td>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Component</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>skip the processing of these message according to the type of the acknowledgment. If you decide to not ignore some acknowledgement, the component listeners must take care of them.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Accepted values : DONE_AND_ERROR_IGNORED, DONE_IGNORED, ERROR_IGNORED or</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NOTHING_IGNORED</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>jbi-listener-class-name</td>
<td>Qualified name of the class extending AbstractJBIListener</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Component</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>external-listener-class-name</td>
<td>Qualified name of the class extending AbstractExternalListener</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Component</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Definition of CDK parameter scope :

- **Component** : The parameter has been defined during the development of the component. A user of the component can not change its value.

- **Installation** : The parameter can be set during the installation of the component, by using the installation MBean (see JBI specifications for details about the installation sequence). If the parameter is optional and has not been defined during the development of the component, it is not available at installation time.
• *Runtime*: The parameter can be set during the installation of the component and during runtime. The runtime configuration can be changed using the CDK custom MBean named *RuntimeConfiguration*. If the parameter is optional and has not been defined during the development of the component, it is not available at installation and runtime times.
Chapter 2. Service Configuration

2.1. Send mails

PROVIDE SERVICE: Import into the JBI environment an email account as a service, or use a generic SendMail service

Petals Mail binding component allows JBI consumers to send mails to an email account. A JBI endpoint is registered into the JBI environment, and is linked to an smtp server, with an email address defined. When MailBC receives a message exchange from Petals platform, the content of the message is sent to the defined email address.

The component can also provide a generic SendMail service. This service allows the consumer to send a specific XML message to the component, which defines all the information needed to send an email. To use this generic service, the consumer has to call explicitly the (service namespace)send operation.

The message send by the consumer has to respect the following definition:

```xml
<ns0:mail xmlns:ns0="http://petals.ow2.org/components/mail/version-3.0">
  <ns0:from>from@from.com</ns0:from>
  <ns0:reply>reply@reply.com</ns0:reply>
  <ns0:to>to@to.com</ns0:to>
  <ns0:subject>subject</ns0:subject>
  <ns0:body>Hello, here is an email</ns0:body>
</ns0:mail>
```

Figure 2.1. Sending mails

- Step 1: A JBI Consumer sends a Message Exchange to the Mail Binding Component.
- Step 2: Mail Binding Component processes the Message Exchange: transforms it into a mail message and retrieve targeted External Provider Service (email address) linked to the endpoint set in the Message Exchange.
- Step 3: Mail Binding Component sends this new mail to the targeted External Provider Service (Business Service, simple email account...).

2.1.1. Service Unit descriptor

Petals Mail binding component can be configured by deploying a new service unit to it. The jbi descriptor (jbi.xml file) of this service unit must contain a provides node describing the link between an internal jbi endpoint and an external email address. Here is an exemple of jbi descriptor activating a new "provided service":

![Diagram of Service Configuration Process]
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!-- JBI descriptor for PEtALS' "petals-bc-mail" (Mail), version 3.0 -->
<jbi:jbi version="1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:jbi="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/jbi"
xmlns:mail="http://petals.ow2.org/components/mail/version-3.0"
xmlns:petalsCDK="http://petals.ow2.org/components/extensions/version-4.0"
xmlns:generatedNs="http://test">
<!-- Import a Service into PEtALS or Expose a PEtALS Service => use a BC. -->
<jbi:services binding-component="true">
<!-- Import a Service into PEtALS => provides a Service. -->
<jbi:provides
interface-name="generatedNs:SendMail"
service-name="generatedNs:SendMailService"
endpoint-name="SendMailServiceEndpoint">
<!-- CDK specific elements -->
<petalsCDK:wsdl>sendMail.wsdl</petalsCDK:wsdl>
<!-- Component specific elements -->
<mail:scheme>smtp</mail:scheme>
<mail:host>smtp.host.com</mail:host>
<mail:port>25</mail:port>
<mail:user>user</mail:user>
<mail:password>password</mail:password>
<mail:from>from email address</mail:from>
<mail:reply>reply email address</mail:reply>
<mail:to>recipient address</mail:to>
<mail:subject>mail subject</mail:subject>
</jbi:provides>
</jbi:services>
</jbi:jbi>

Table 2.1. Configuration of a Service Unit to provide a service (JBI)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>provides</td>
<td>Describe the JBI service that will be exposed into the JBI bus. Interface (qname), service (qname) and endpoint (string) attributes are required.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 2.2. Configuration of a Service Unit to provide a service (CDK)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>wsdl-imports-download</td>
<td>If false, the external imports declared in the service WSDL won't be downloaded, so they won't be replaced by their content.</td>
<td>True</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| wsdl                  | Path to the WSDL document describing services and operations exposed by the provided JBI endpoints defined in the SU. The value of this parameter is:  
  • an URL  
  • a file relative to the root of the SU package  
If not specified, a basic WSDL description is automatically provided by the CDK. | -       | No       |
| timeout               | Timeout in milliseconds of a synchronous send. this parameter can be used in conjunction with the sendSync(Exchange exchange) method of the Listeners. Set 0 for an infinite timeout. | -       | No       |
| org.ow2.petals.messaging.provider.noack | This property activates the bypass of acknowledgment messages destined to this SU. | -       | No       |
### Table 2.3. Configuration of a Service Unit to provide a service (Mail)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>scheme</td>
<td>the connection protocol (smtp)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>username</td>
<td>the username used for authentication</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>password</td>
<td>the password used for authentication.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>host</td>
<td>the host address used for connection</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>port</td>
<td>the port used for connection</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to</td>
<td>email address of the recipient</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Only for SendMail Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>DYNAMIC ADDRESS</strong>: You can specify the recipient address dynamically by setting a <code>{http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing}To</code> property in the incoming message exchange, or by using the SendMail service. <strong>WARNING</strong>: the recipient address must be specified at least once in the message exchange or in the SU descriptor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>from</td>
<td>email address of the sender</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Only for SendMail Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>DYNAMIC ADDRESS</strong>: You can specify the sender email address dynamically by setting a <code>{http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing}From</code> property in the incoming message exchange, or by using the SendMail service. <strong>WARNING</strong>: the From address must be specified at least once in the message exchange or in the SU descriptor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reply</td>
<td>email address for the reply</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Only for SendMail Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>DYNAMIC ADDRESS</strong>: You can specify the sender email address dynamically by setting a <code>{http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing}Reply</code> property in the incoming message exchange, or by using the SendMail service. <strong>WARNING</strong>: the Reply address must be specified at least once in the message exchange or in the SU descriptor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>subject</td>
<td>the subject of the mail</td>
<td>petals-bc-mail</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>DYNAMIC SUBJECT</strong>: You can specify the subject dynamically by setting a <code>{http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing}Action</code> property in the incoming message exchange, or by using the SendMail service.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2.1.2. Service Unit content

The Service Unit has to contain the following elements, packaged in an archive:

- The META-INF/jbi.xml descriptor file, has described above,
- An optional wsdl file describing the related service

```
service-unit.zip
+ META-INF
  - jbi.xml (as defined above)
  - service.wsdl (optional)
```
2.1.3. Usage

Once a provides node is configured, you can start to send email via the mail binding component. You just have to send message exchange to endpoints activated by service unit deployments (containing jbi.xml with provides node).

⚠️ Caution

InOnly or RobustInOnly message exchange patterns are allowed.

2.2. Receive mails

CONSUME SERVICE : Expose an internal JBI service outside the JBI environment that can be accessed by sending mails to an email account

Figure 2.2. Receiving mails

Petals Mail binding component (MailBC) allows to receive mails from external consumer and to bind them to message exchanges intinded to internal jbi components. To receive new mails, MailBC can be linked to specific mail stores. It will check these stores periodically to retrieve new mails. If it finds a new mail in a store, it will process it (map this mail to a message exchange) and send it to the targeted jbi endpoint. Then the mail is removed from the store. So, all mails (read or unread) in a store are considered as new mail.

- Step 1 : An External Consumer Entity (Business Service or simple mail client) sends an email to the registered Mail Store (a classical email account).
- Step 2 : Mail Binding Component periodically checks for new mails and imports them.
- Step 3 and 4 : Mail Binding Component processes this new mails : transforms them into Message Exchanges, sends them to targeted jbi components (step 4) and finally delete them from the mail Store.

2.2.1. Service Unit descriptor

Petals Mail binding component can be configured by deploying a new service unit to it. The jbi descriptor (jbi.xml file) of this service unit must contains a consumes node describing the link between an external mail store and an internal jbi endpoint. Here is an exemple of jbi descriptor activating a new "consumed service" :
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!-- JBI descriptor for PEtALS' "petals-bc-mail" (Mail), version 3.0 -->
<jbi:jbi version="1.0"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmns:jbi="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/jbi"
xmns:mail="http://petals.ow2.org/components/mail/version-3.0"
xmns:petalsCDK="http://petals.ow2.org/components/extensions/version-4.0"
xmns:generatedNs="http://test">

<!-- Import a Service into PEtALS or Expose a PEtALS Service => use a BC. -->
<jbi:services binding-component="true">

<!-- Expose a PEtALS Service => consumes a Service. -->
<jbi:consumes
 interface-name="generatedNs:Interface"
 service-name="generatedNs:Service"
 endpoint-name="Endpoint">

<!-- CDK specific elements -->
<petalsCDK:operation>operation</petalsCDK:operation>
<petalsCDK:mep>InOnly</petalsCDK:mep>

<!-- Component specific elements -->
<mail:scheme>pop3</mail:scheme>
<mail:host>pop.host.com</mail:host>
<mail:port>110</mail:port>
<mail:user>user</mail:user>
<mail:password>password</mail:password>
<mail:folder>INBOX</mail:folder>
<mail:period>60000</mail:period>
</jbi:consumes>
</jbi:services>
</jbi:jbi>

Table 2.4. Configuration of a Service Unit to consume a service (JBI)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>consumes</td>
<td>Name of the JBI service to invoke into the JBI bus. You can define only</td>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the interface (qname) to let the NMR choose a matching service, or the pair</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>service(qname) and endpoint (string) to consume the localized service.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- -
### Table 2.5. Configuration of a Service Unit to consume a service (CDK)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mep</td>
<td>Message exchange pattern abbreviation. This parameter can be user in conjunction with the method of the CDK Listeners: createMessageExchange(Extensions extensions). This method returns a CDK Exchange corresponding to the type of the specified pattern. Admitted values are: InOnly, RobustInOnly, InOptionalOut etInOut</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>operation</td>
<td>Operation to call on a service. This parameter can be used in conjunction with the sending methods of the Listeners. If no operation is specified in the Message Exchange to send, this parameter will be used.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>timeout</td>
<td>Timeout in milliseconds of a synchronous send. this parameter can be used in conjunction with the sendSync(Exchange exchange) method of the Listeners. Set 0 for an infinite timeout.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*org.ow2.petals.messaging.consumer.*<br>Check PEtALS container document for further details.<br>This property activates the bypass of acknowledgment messages destined to this SU.

*org.ow2.petals.routing.strategy.*<br>This property overrides the default routing strategy for Message Exchanges sent by this SU.

*org.ow2.petals.transport.compress.*<br>This property activates the compression of the messages payload when set to true.

*org.ow2.petals.transport.qos.*<br>This property overrides the default policy of the Quality of Service supported by PEtALS Transporter for Message Exchange sent by this SU.

### Table 2.6. Configuration of a Service Unit to consume a service (Mail)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>scheme</td>
<td>the connection protocol (imap or pop3)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>username</td>
<td>the username used for authentication</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>password</td>
<td>the password used for authentication. Can be null or empty</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>host</td>
<td>the host used for connection</td>
<td>imap : 143&lt;br&gt;pop3 : 110</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>port</td>
<td>the port used for connection</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>folder</td>
<td>the folder to check for new mails</td>
<td>INBOX</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>period</td>
<td>the checking period time</td>
<td>60 000 ms</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>expunge</td>
<td>Expunge deleted messages (read messages are marked as DELETED, default is TRUE)</td>
<td>true</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.2.2. Service Unit content

The Service Unit has to contain the following elements, packaged in an archive:

- The META-INF/jbi.xml descriptor file, has described above

```
service-unit.zip
  + META-INF
    - jbi.xml (as defined above)
```

2.2.3. Usage

When a new email is in the INBOX folder of the configured email account, the content of the mail is forwarded to the JBI Service defined in the Consumes section of the Service Unit.

⚠️ Caution

The component sends exchange with the InOnly pattern only.